



# Sanjay Ghodawat University, Kolhapur

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2018-19

EXM/P/09/00

F.Y. M.Tech.

School of Technology

Department – Civil

(Structural Engg.)

Engineering

Course Code – CSE505

Course Title: Structural Dynamics

Semester – I

Date:

Examination: ESE

Time: Max Marks: 100

21 Dec 2018 8:30 AM

10:40 to 1:00 PM

## Instructions:

- 1) Use of **non-programmable** calculators are allowed
- 2) Figures to the right indicates **full marks**
- 3) All Questions are **compulsory**

Q.1 a) What is Dynamic magnification Factor? Explain how it depend on damping ratio and frequency ratio. 07 Blooms Level L2 CO1

b) An automobile whose weight is 200N is mounted on four identical springs as shock absorbers. Due to weight of automobile, spring gets shortened by 0.25m. Each shock absorber has a damping force of 0.5N at the velocity of 50mm/s. The car is placed on rigid platform which moves vertically at resonant speed, having amplitude of 10mm. Find the amplitude of vibration of the automobile. 08 L4 CO1

OR

b) Compute the natural frequency in the side sway for the frame as shown in Fig.1. If the initial displacement is 20mm and initial velocity is 20m/s, compute the amplitude. Write the expression for displacement. Damping is 10% of critical. Cross-sectional dimension of columns and beam is 230mm X 300 mm:  $E = 22.4 \text{ GPa}$ . 08 L4 CO1

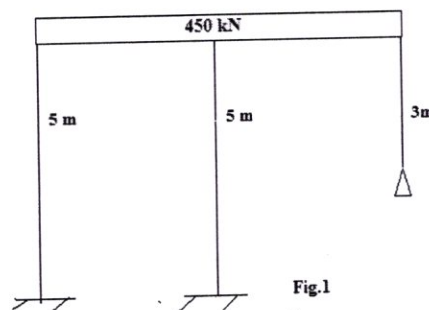


Fig.1

Q.2 Using Duhamel integral, determine the maximum response of SDOF system having mass of 1000 kg and spring stiffness of 100 KN/m 15 L4 CO2

subjected to a rectangular pulse load having an intensity of 10 kN as shown in Fig.2

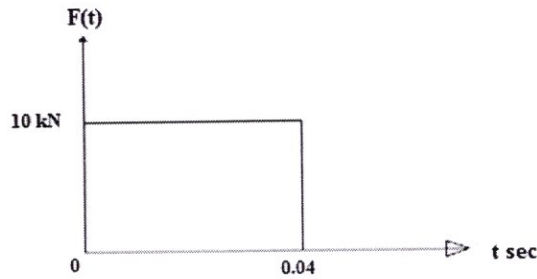


Fig.2

- Q.3 a) Explain time domain and frequency domain approach of analysis 05 L2 CO3  
 b) Evaluate response of a SDOF oscillator subjected to a periodic loading 10 L6 CO3  
 shown in Fig.3 using Fourier series analysis.

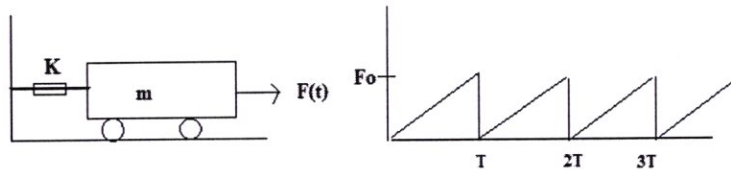


Fig. 3

- Q.4 For two storied shear building shown in Fig.4, compute the 15 L6 CO4  
 fundamental natural frequency and plot the modes. Neglect the axial  
 deformation in all structural elements. Given  $EI = 5 \times 10^6 \text{ Nm}^2$ ,  $m = 500$   
 $\times 10^3 \text{ Ns}^2/\text{m}$ , story height = 3m, span = 5 m.

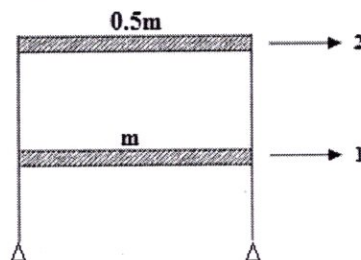


Fig.4

- Q.5 Following flexibility matrix were obtained for the shear frame shown 20 L6 CO5  
 in Fig.5. Compute the natural frequencies and corresponding eigen  
 vector by Stodola -Vianello procedure.

$$[f] = \frac{1}{K} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

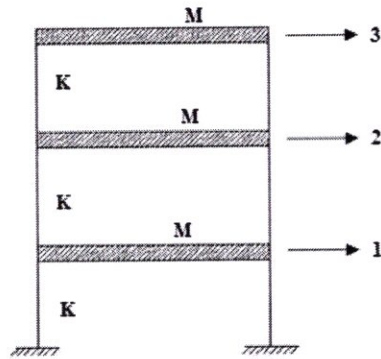


Fig.5

OR

- |     |  |    |    |     |
|-----|--|----|----|-----|
| a)  | Explain the significance of fundamental mode analysis. Mention different methods of fundamental mode analysis. Explain any one in detail.  | 08 | L2 | CO5 |
| b)  | Derive the expression for frequencies and mode shapes of a beam in flexure. Using the expression, find the first three frequencies and mode shapes of a uniform simply supported beam.   | 12 | L2 | CO5 |
| Q.6 | A simply supported beam of span 5m carried a UDL of 20 kN/m including its self-weight. Determine first three frequencies and mode shapes of the beam modelled as a distributed parameter system. If the beam is modelled as a lumped mass at center, what will be the frequency? Comment on the fundamental frequency got from the two approaches. | 20 | L4 | CO6 |

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